Diabetes Self-Management Education and Support for Adults with Type 2 Diabetes: **ALGORITHM of CARE**

ADA Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes recommends all patients be assessed and referred for:

NUTRITION

Registered dietitian for medical nutrition therapy

EDUCATION

Diabetes self-management education and support

EMOTIONAL HEALTH

Mental health professional if needed

FOUR CRITICAL TIMES TO ASSESS, PROVIDE, AND ADJUST DIABETES SELF-MANAGEMENT EDUCATION AND SUPPORT









WHEN PRIMARY CARE PROVIDER OR SPECIALIST SHOULD CONSIDER REFERRAL:

- Newly diagnosed. All newly diagnosed individuals with type 2 diabetes should receive DSME/S
- Ensure that both nutrition and emotional health are appropriately addressed in education or make separate referrals
- □ Needs review of knowledge, skills, and behaviors
- Long-standing diabetes with limited prior education
- Change in medication, activity, or nutritional intake
- \square HbA_{1c} out of target
- ☐ Maintain positive health outcomes
- Unexplained hypoglycemia or hyperglycemia
- ☐ Planning pregnancy or pregnant
- ☐ For support to attain or sustain behavior change(s)
- □ Weight or other nutrition concerns
- □ New life situations and competing demands

CHANGE IN:

- ☐ Health conditions such as renal disease and stroke, need for steroid or complicated medication regimen
- Physical limitations such as visual impairment, dexterity issues, movement restrictions
- □ Emotional factors such as anxiety and clinical depression
- ☐ Basic living needs such as access to food, financial limitations

CHANGE IN:

- □ Living situation such as inpatient or outpatient rehabilitation or now living alone
- □ Medical care team
- □ Insurance coverage that results in treatment change
- ☐ Age-related changes affecting cognition, self-care, etc.





